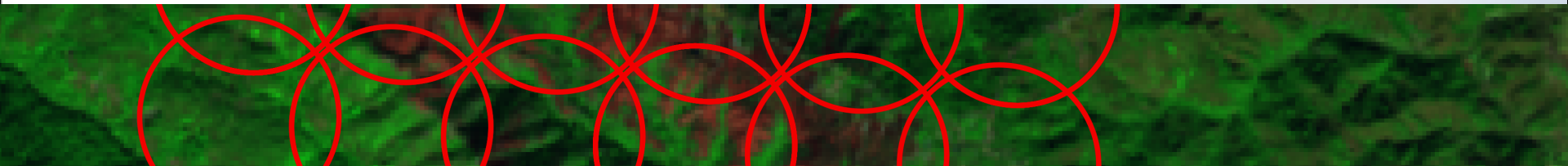


# Utilization of Multi-Sensor Active Fire Detections to Map Fires in the US



- Project PI: Joshua Picotte (*Stephen Howard – retired*)
- Development Team: Michelle Anthony, Cheryl Holen, and Karthik Vanumamalai
- Partners: USDA Forest Service Forest of Florida, LANDFIRE, MTBS, St. John's Water Management District, and USGS EROS
- Project Summary:
  - Developed open source tools to incorporate Landsat imagery and fire detections to map fire perimeters and burn severity
  - Enables any user any where in the world to quickly assess fires in their area of interest
- Earth Observations applied: AVHRR, GOES, Landsat, MODIS, and VIIRS





Purpose and Objective

Our overall purpose is to utilize Landsat imagery to identify potential fire perimeters and active sensor data to help confirm these fire perimeters. Additionally we have developed an open source tool to download Landsat imagery, identify suitable imagers for fire mapping, and subsequently create an MTBS-like thresholded burn severity product.

**Societal Benefit Area(s):** Disasters and Ecological Forecasting  
**Geographic Focus:** Worldwide  
**Targeted End-Users:** Federal, State, University, and Non-profit land managers and researchers

Approach

- 1. Testing of tools by outside collaborators
- 2. Refine User Tools
- 3. Complete user guide
- 4. Deployment of fire detections (Web Feature Service [WFS] and Web Mapping Service [WMS])

Risks and Mitigation

- 1. Changes in Landsat format/naming convention-Currently examining and will fix as necessary.
- 2. Worldwide Projections may take longer than expected-Currently implementing UTMs and will test as necessary.

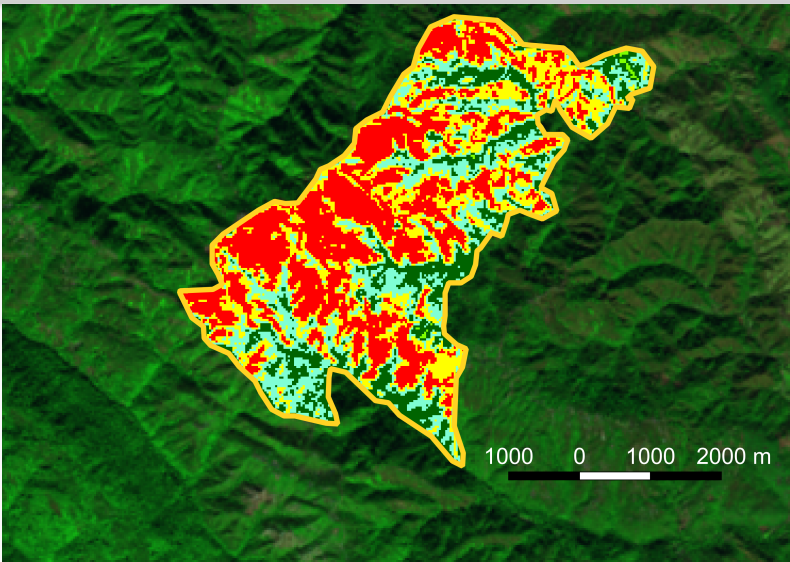


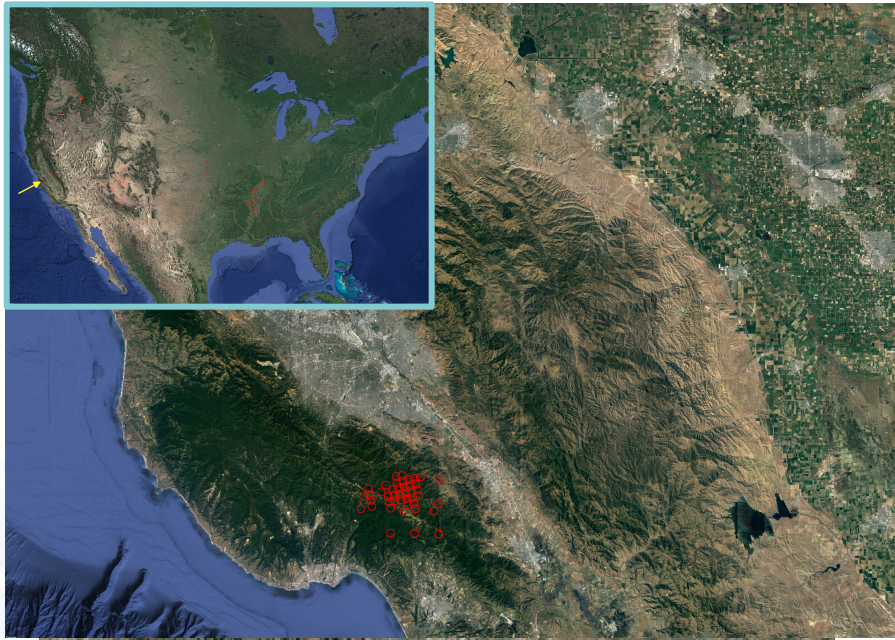
Figure 1: Example of a fire perimeter (yellow outline) and automatically derived burn severity breakpoints mapped using the QGIS open-source tool

Key Milestones

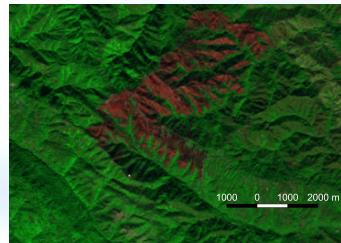
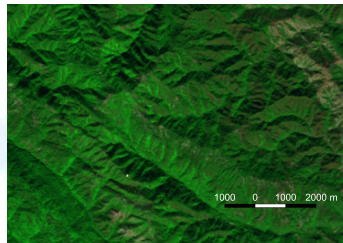
Milestone Statement	Date
Implementation of UTM projections	08/2017
Completion of QGIS Fire Mapping Tool	08/2017
Sensor Fire Detections (WMS and WFS)	08/2017
User Guide Completion	08/2017
Release of QGIS Tool	09/2017



# Biggest Achievement or Advancement to Date



**Step 1:** Identify a fire using sensor detections or another data source



**Step 3:** Identify pre- (left) and post- (right) fire Landsat Scenes

Name	Mapping Status	Acres	Event Date	EventID	P/R	Latitude	Longitude	Report Date	id
1	complete	4500	2016-08-26	CA1218213710120160826	44/34	-121.8218	0037.101		2

Id	Program	Assessment Type	Pre-fire Scene	Post-fire Scene	Perimeter Scene	Mapper	Date Created
1	MTBS	Initial	80440342015304	80440342016307	None	jpacotte	2016-12-05 11:18:31.92...

Run Scene Prep ☐ Overwrite

Run Fire Prep

Delineate Perimeter

Subset

Open Event Folder

Perimeter Confidence: High

Perimeter Comments: None

OK

Analysis Type: dnbr

dnbr Offset: -23

SD Offset: 33

RdBER

Thresholds: 100 300 603

Generate Moderate

MTBS

No Data Threshold: -970

Increased Greenness Threshold: -150

Mapping Comments: Adjusted original threshold low and moderate values.

Threshold

Revised ☐

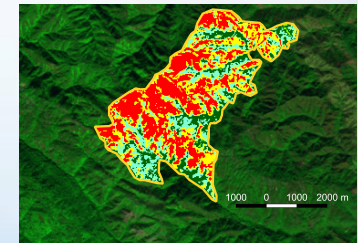
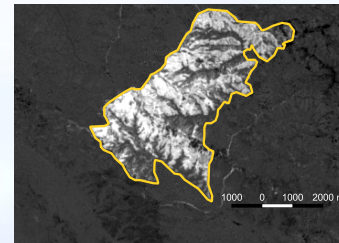
Mapping Status: complete

Generate Metadata

QA Checklist

Update Mapping

**Step 2:** Use QGIS tool to enter fire information and order imagery



**Step 4:** Map fire perimeter and burn severity



# ***Utilization of Multi-Sensor Active Fire Detections to Map Fires in the US***

***Joshua Picotte, USGS EROS***

As of:  
2/28/2017



## **Problem:**

Mapping tool relies on consistent Landsat data structure and naming conventions. There may be a large change made in May and future changes are planned.

## **Solution:**

At this point we have begun to take into account the name change in the tool's processing schema. There will be ongoing problems with the unknown name changes that we know will occur.



## Summary of Challenges; Problems; Objective Analysis

- Tool distribution
- Tool does not yet handle worldwide projections
- Future changes to Landsat imagery
- Changes to distribution of sensor data

## Signs of Positive Progress

- Tool can process current Landsat imagery
- All steps to the fire mapping process have been completed
- All historic sensor fire detections have been processed and will soon be served through a Web Feature Service (WFS) and Web Mapping Service (WMS)
- Beginning steps in dealing with worldwide projections has started



# ***PI Assessment: Transition Plan (1 of 4)***

## **Project End Goals**

- Testing of tools by collaborators
- Fix any potential problems
- Worldwide distribution

## **Remaining Steps**


- Enable UTM worldwide projections
- Enable tool to work with changes in Landsat naming convention
- Sensor detections Web Feature Services deployment
- Completion of documentation



## ***PI Assessment: Transition Plan (2 of 4)***

- Will advertise sensor fire detections Web Feature Services
- Distribution of tool for image processing to Northern Arizona University
- Distribution of tool for US only to USDA Forest Service Forests of Florida and St. John's Water Management District
- Make tool available for worldwide distribution
- Begin working on transferring all tools to Tall Timbers Research Station for their Florida Fish and Wildlife grant to monitor all fires in Florida



An aerial photograph showing a large, intense fire burning in a forested area. The fire is bright orange and yellow, with thick black smoke rising into the sky. The surrounding forest is dark green, and a winding road or path is visible through the trees in the foreground.

We will use the entire budget by end of August  
and do not need a No-Cost Extension (NCE).

# PI Overall Assessment: Transition (4 of 4)



- Enable download of reformatted Landsat data (April 2017)
- Enable QGIS tool to work with UTM's (August 2017)
- Completion of tool documentation (August 2017)
- Completion of tool after feedback from collaborators (September 2017)

One-stop tool distribution website

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Completion Date: September 2017

Budget progress and future plans to spend down the funding by year.

# PI Overall Assessment: Impact



## Honest Opinion

Provides a much needed tool to allow worldwide users to track and map fires

## Project's Impact/Potential as an Analogy

A rain drop striking a pool of water and causing outward waves



This small effort (rain drop) has the potential to result in many more fires being mapped (outward waves)



- **Completion of first version of open-source QGIS tool**
- **Picotte, J.J. and Howard, S.M. 2016, Development of open-source tools to map fire perimeters and burn severity utilizing Landsat and a suite of satellite detections [abs.], presentation at Fall Meeting, San Francisco, Calif., 12–16 December 2016, Fall Meeting Abstracts: Washington, D.C., American Geophysical Union**
- **Collaboration with Tall Timbers Research Station (Tallahassee, FL)**